CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Please cancel claims 7-30 without prejudice to filing a divisional application containing the same.

- (Currently amended) A method for rapidly screening for diabetes, comprising the steps of:
 contacting a glucose-sensing ophthalmic device with an ocular fluid of a patient, wherein the
 glucose-sensing ophthalmic device comprises a testing agent composition which specifically
 and reversibly interacts with glucose to form a detectable signal which changes in a
 concentration-dependent manner;
 determining by means of the glucose-sensing ophthalmic device a first glucose
 concentration in the ocular fluid;
 - administering orally a load of carbohydrate to the patient;
- at a period of time of <u>from about 15 minutes to about 45 less than 50 minutes</u> after orally administering of the load of carbohydrate, determining by means of the glucose-sensing ophthalmic device a second glucose concentration in the ocular fluid; and comparing the second glucose concentration with the first glucose concentration to determine if the <u>ratio of the second glucose concentration over the first glucose concentration is about 1.5 or larger, indicating that the patient is likely to be a diabetic.</u>
 - 2. (Original) A method of claim 1, wherein the second glucose concentration is determined about 15 minutes after orally administering of the load of carbohydrate.
 - 3. (Original) A method of claim 1, wherein said testing agent composition comprises a receptor that is capable of reversibly binding glucose and has a detectable optical signal that changes in a concentration-dependent manner when the receptor is reversibly bound to glucose, wherein said detectable optical signal results from one or more labels associated with the receptor.
 - 4. (Original) A method of claim 3, wherein the detectable optical signal results from a pair of labels associated with the receptor, a first label and a second label, wherein one of the first and second label is a fluorescence energy donor and the other is a fluorescence energy acceptor or a non-fluorescence energy acceptor.
 - 5. (Original) A method of claim 1, wherein said testing agent composition comprises a receptor having a first label associated therewith and a competitor having a second label associated therewith, wherein one of the first and second labels is a fluorescent energy donor and the other one is a fluorescent or non-fluorescent energy acceptor.

6. (Original) A method of claim 1, wherein said load of carbohydrate is at least 40 grams of carbohydrate.

7-30. (Canceled)

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